THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Editor and Proprietor.

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Six months,	5.00

☞ We solicit the aid of our friends in extending our circulation.

PROCLAMATION,

BY WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

PROVISIONAL GOVNRNOR,

TO THE

PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

WHEREAS, A Convention of the people of North Carolina has been chosen in pursuance of the proclamation of ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States, of date May 29th, 1865, under the fourth section of the fourth article of the Constitution of the United States, which guarantees to every State in the Union a republican form of government, for the purpose of enabling the loyal people of said State to organize a State government whereby justice may be established, domestic tranquility restored, and loyal citizens protected in all their rights of life, liberty and property; and for the purpose also of restoring said State to its Constitutional relations to the Federal Government, by presenting such a republican form of government as will entitle the State to the guarantee of the United States therefor, and its people to protection by the United States against invasion, insurrection, and domestic violence: And said Convention having assembled in the City of Raleigh, and adopted Ordinances hereinafter set forth, I, WILLIAM W. HOLDEN, Provisional Governor of said State, do hereby proclaim and declare, that an election will be held in the various Counties of said State on Thursday, the ninth day of November, 1865, as follows:

1st. For the ratification or rejection of "An Ordinance declaring null and void the ordinance of May the 20th, 1861."

2d. For the ratification or rejection of "An Ordinance prohibiting slavery in the State of North Carolina."

3d. For a Governor and members of the General Assembly.

4th. For seven members of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States.

5th. For Clerks and Sheriffs of the respective Counties.

The elections shall be conducted in accordance with "An Ordinance providing for the election of the members of the General Assembly, to be convened on the fourth Monday of November, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, and for electing Representatives in Congress and Governor of the State, ratified by the Convention the tenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and hereinafter set forth; said ordinance having been passed in pursuance of the proclamation of the President of the United States, of date May 29th, 1865, authorizing said Convention to "prescribe the qualification of the electors, and the eligibility of persons to hold office under the constitution and laws of the State."—And also, in conformity with the rules and regulations prescribed by the laws of this State concerning said elections, in force previous to the 20th day of May, 1861.

The people of the State are respectfully urged to maintain order among themselves at the election, and to discountenance appeals, the tendency of which may be to prudence ill feeling and alienation towards the federal government. The policy of the government has been liberal and generous towards North Carolina, and no pains should be spared to secure a continuance of the policy.

And the officers in the various Counties, appointed by the Provisional Governor, are enjoined to exert themselves to preserve the peace among the people on the day of the election; to act with justice and firmness in all matters that may claim their attention; to see that those entitled to vote are protected in their right of suffrage, and that every manifestation, if such manifestations there should be, of hostility to the federal government, is promptly rebuked and repressed.

Done at our city of Raleigh, the 18th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and in the year of the Independence of the United States the ninetieth.

W. W. HOLDEN,
Provisional Governor.

By the Governor:
W. R. RICHARDSON, Private Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE

To give publicity to the Ordinance ordering Elections on the 2nd Thursday in November next:

Be it ordained by the people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained, That the Provisional Governor be empowered and requested to take such steps as in his judgment may be necessary to make known to the people of North Carolina the ordinances ordering elections, on the 2nd Thursday of November, 1865. (Read three times, and Ratified in Convention the 12th day of October, A. D. 1865.)

EDWIN G. READE, President.
JAS. H. MOORE, Secretary of the Convention,
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE

Declaring null and void the ordinance of May 20th, eighteen hundred and sixty-one:

Be it declared and ordained by the delegates of the good people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby declared and ordained, That the ordinance of the Convention of the State of North Carolina, ratified on the twenty-first day of November, seventeen hundred and eighty-nine, which adopted and ratified the Constitution of the United States, and also all acts and parts of acts of the General Assembly, ratifying and adopting amendments to the said Constitution, are now and at all times since the adoption and ratification thereof, have been in full force and effect; notwithstanding the supposed ordinance of the twentieth day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, declaring that the same be repealed, rescinded and abrogated; and the said supposed ordinance is now and at all times hath been null and void. (Ratified in Convention, this seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.)

EDWIN G. READE, President.
JAS. H. MOORE, Secretary of the Convention.
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE

Prohibiting Slavery in the State of North Carolina:

Be it declared and ordained by the delegates of the people of the State of North Carolina in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained, That Slavery and involuntary servitude, otherwise than for crimes, whereof the parties shall have been duly convicted, shall be and is hereby forever prohibited within the State.

(Ratified in Convention, this Ninth day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.)

EDWIN G. READE, President.
JAS. H. MOORE, Secretary of the Convention.
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE

Submitting to the qualified voters of the State, the ratification or rejection of certain ordinances:

Be it ordained by the delegates of the people of North Carolina, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That on the second Thursday of November next, shall be submitted to the voters of the State qualified to vote for members of the House of Commons, for their ratification or rejection, the Ordinance passed by this Convention, entitled "an Ordinance declaring null and void the Ordinance of May the 20th 1861," and such persons as shall favor the ratification, shall vote a ticket with the words, "Anti-Secession Ordinance, Ratified," and those opposed shall vote a ticket in the words, "Anti-Secession Ordinance, Rejected." Also at the same time shall be submitted for their ratification or rejection an Ordinance passed by the Convention, entitled "an Ordinance prohibiting slavery in the State of North Carolina," and those who favor a ratification of the same shall vote a ticket with the words, "Anti-Slavery Ordinance Ratified," and those opposed shall vote a ticket with the words "Anti Slavery Ordinance, Rejected"

Be it further ordained, That the Sheriffs or other Officers who may ascertain the result of the polls in each County, shall transmit the same to the Provisional Governor, who is hereby empowered and requested to cause the number of votes each way to be ascertained and proclaimed through as many as three newspapers published in different parts of the State

Be it further ordained, That, if ratified, thenceforth said Ordinances shall be the laws of the land, and that abolishing slavery shall become a part of the Constitution of the State. (Read three times and ratified in Convention, October 17, A. D. 1865.)

EDWIN G. READE President.
JAS. H. MOORE, Secretary of the Convention.
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE

Providing for the election of the members of the General Assembly to be convened on the fourth Monday of November, 1865, and for electing Representatives in Congress, and Governor of the State:

Be it ordained by the delegates of the people of the State of North Carolina in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That a General Assembly of the State shall be convened on the fourth Monday of November, 1865, the members whereof shall hold their places till the next election of such members, which shall be held on the first Thursday of August, 1866.

Be it further ordained, That the Provisional Governor is hereby authorized and requested to issue forthwith to the sheriff of each county, a writ directing that an election be held for the Senators and members of the House of Commons of such General Assembly, on the second Thursday of November next, under the rules, regulations and provisions of chapter 52 of the revised code.

Be it further ordained, That immediately on the receipt of the writ, each Sheriff shall summon the Justices of the Peace of the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to assemble at the court house on a day appointed by him, which shall be as early as practicable; and they or so many as may assemble, shall appoint inspectors for each place of election who shall be forthwith notified of their appointment by the Sheriff, and they shall conduct the elections and make returns of the polls in the manner prescribed in said chapter.

Be it further ordained, That each member and voter shall be qualified according to the now existing constitution of the State. *Provided, however*, That no one shall be elligible to a seat or be capable of voting, who being free in all respects, shall not before the twenty-ninth day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty five, either have voluntarily taken and subscribed the oath of Amnesty prescribed in the proclamation of President Lincoln, with the purpose to suppress the insurrection and restore the authority of the United States, and thenceforward shall have observed the same, or shall not have taken and subscribed the oath of Amnesty prescribed in the proclamation of President Johnson bearing date twenty-ninth day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, and who moreover, shall not in either case be of those who are excepted from the Amnesty granted by any of the said proclamations, unless pardoned: *but provided also*, That all persons who may have preferred petitions for pardon, shall be deemed to have been pardoned if the fact of being pardoned shall be announced by the Governor, although the pardon may not have been received: *and provided also*, that the payment of a public tax shall not be required as a qualification of the voter in the elections in November next.

Be it further ordained, That for the purpose of ascertaining the qualifications of persons proposing to vote, the inspectors may and it shall be their duty whenever the vote may be challenged, or they shall have cause to suspect that he is not duly qualified, examine him and others on oath touching the question.

Be it further ordained, That at the same time and place, elections shall be held for seven representatives in the Congress of the United States, in pursuance of chapter sixty-nine of the Revised Code, which shall be conducted under the rules and regulations therein prescribed for such elections, and the voters in said elections shall be such only as shall be qualified to vote for members of the House of Commons, and the Provisional Governor shall give the certificate required by the ninth section of said chapter.

Be it further ordained, That at the same time and place, an election shall be held for a Governor of the State, under the same rules and regulations prescribed in chapter fifty-three of the Revised Code and the persons qualified to vote for members of the House of Commons under the ordinance, shall be qualified to vote for Governor.

Be it further ordained, That no person shall be eligible as Governor unless he shall be qualified according to the Constitution of the State, and also shall be capable under the provisions of this ordinance of voting for member of the General Assembly.

Be it further ordained, That the Governor thus elected shall take his seat so soon as the authority of the Provisional Governor shall cease, either before the first day of January eighteen hundred and sixty six or afterwards, before the first day of January eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

Be it further ordained, That the Governor thus elected shall continue in office till the firs day of January, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

Be it further ordained, That it shall be in the power of the General Assembly, to modify so much of this ordinance as relates to the provisions for electing a Governor and his term of office. (Ratified in Convention this tenth day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.)

EDWIN G. READE, President.
JAS. H. MOORE, Secretary of the Convention,
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE

To divide North Carolina into seven Congressional Districts:

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained by the people of North Carolina in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same*, That for the purpose of electing representatives in the Congress of the United States, the State shall be divided into seven districts, as follows: The first district shall be composed of the counties of Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimmons, Gates, Chowan, Hertford, Northampton, Halifax, Martin, Bertie, Washington, Tyrrell, Hyde, and Beaufort: The second district of the counties of Pitt, Craven, Jones, Lenoir, Wayne, Green, Edgecombe, Wilson, Onslow, Carteret, Duplin and New Hanover; The third district of the counties of Brunswick, Columbus, Bladen, Sampson, Cumberland, Robeson Richmond, Harnett, Moore, Montgomery, Union and Stanly. The fourth district of the counties, of Wake, Franklin, Warren, Granville, Orange, Nash, Johnston and Chatham; The fifth district of the counties of Alamance, Randolph, Guilford, Rockingham, Davidson, Forsyth, Stokes, Surry, Person, and Caswell; The sixth district of the counties of Rowan, Cabarrus, Union, Mecklenburg, Gaston, Lincoln, Catawba, Iredell, Davie, Yadkin, Wilkes, and Alexander; The seventh district of the counties of Ashe, Alleghany, Watauga, Yancey, Mitchell, McDowell, Burke, Caldwell, Rutherford, Cleaveland, Polk, Henderson, Transylvania, Buncombe, Madison, Haywood, Jackson, Macon, Cherokee, and Clay, each of which Districts, shall be entitled to elect one Representative, in the Congress of the United States.

SECTION. 2. The election for Representatives in Congress, shall be held and conducted in every respect, in conformity with the rules regulations and restrictions, as set forth and prescribed, in the Sixty Ninth Chapter of the Revised Code except that the Polls shall be compared in the first district at the Court House in the county of Chowan, in the second district at the Court House in the county of Lenoir, in the third district at the Court House in the county of Cumberland, in the fourth district at the Court House in the county of Wake; in the fifth district at the Court House in the county of Guilford; in the sixth district, at the Court House in the county of Iredell; in the seventh district at the Court House in the county of Buncombe. (Read three times and Ratified in Convention, the——day of Oct. 1865.)

EDWIN G. READE, President.
JAMES H. MOORE, Secretary of the Convention.
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE

For the election of Clerks and Sheriffs.

Be it ordained by the good people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by authority of the same, That an election be held for Sheriffs and county and Superior Court Clerks on the same day and at the same time and places, that the election for members of the General Assembly shall take place, and in the same manner as heretofore prescribed for the election of such officers: *Provided*, that all persons qualified to vote for members of the House of Commons shall be qualified to vote for these officers.

SEC. 2. *Be it further ordained*, That said officers shall have all the qualifications heretofore required.

SEC. 3. *Be it further ordained*, That they shall enter on the duties of their office as soon as the Provisional Government expires, and hold said offices until further provided for by the General Assembly. (Read three times and ratified in Convention the 12th day of October, A. D. 1865.)

E. G. READE, President.
JAS. H. MOORE, Secretary of the Convention.
R. C BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE

Providing for the election of two members of the House of Commons from the county of Cumberland, and one from the County of Harnett:

Be it ordained by the Delegates of the people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That until otherwise provided by law, the county of Cumberland shall elect two members to the House of Commons, and the county of Harnett one member, the elections to be held in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed by law for the House of Commons; *Provided*, that nothing in this ordinance shall change the representation of the two counties in the Senate, but they shall vote together for one Senator, until the next apportionment of Senatorial Districts. (Ratified in Convention this 17th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.)

EDWIN G. READE, President.
JAMES H. MOORE, Secretary of the Convention.
R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

☞ Each paper in the State copy twice and send bill to the Executive Department.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK
OF
NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, N. C.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENT

Authorized September 12th, 1865.

DIRECTORS:

Geo. W. Swepson, *Pres't.* C. P. Mendenhall,
Jos. S. Cannon, *Vice Pres't.* Jo. W. Holden,
W. B. Gulick, *Cashier*,

This Bank is now open for the transaction of Banking business.

Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and local Securities bought and sold.

Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposites received and careful attention paid to the accounts of business men and firms.

Co lections made at all points in the State of North Carolina. 56-1y.

DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, SATURDAY, OCT. 21, 1865. NO. 65.

Change of Time.

ON and after 7.40 P. M., Sunday, August 13th, 1865, Trains will run as follows, until further orders:

GOING WEST.

MAIL TRAIN.

Leave Raleigh,	7.40	P. M.
" Greensboro,	2.17	A. M.
" Salisbury,	6.45	"
Arrive Charlotte,	10.10	"

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leave Raleigh,	6.00	A. M.
" Greensboro,	12.50	P. M.
" Salisbury,	5.00	"
Arrive Charlotte,	8.20	"

GOING EAST.

MAIL TRAIN.

Leave Charlotte,	3.00	P. M.
" Salisbury,	6.25	"
" Greensboro,	10.15	"
Arrive Raleigh,	4.30	A. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leave Charlotte,	5 25	A. M.
" Salisbury,	9.00	"
" Greensboro,	1.05	P. M.
Arrive Raleigh,	7.30	"

Mail train connects, east and west, with the Raleigh and Gaston train for Petersburg and the North and with the U. S. Military railroad for Goldsboro, Newbern, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Freight Train leaves Raleigh at 11 A. M., Charlotte 6.00 A. M.,—stopping at Company Shops over night.

The Mail Train will only run on Sunday. Passengers are notified to procure tickets before entering the trains, as additional fare will be collected.

E WILKES,
Aug 12-21-tf. Engineer and Sup't.

SCHEDULE
Raleigh and Gaston Railroad.

To take effect Tuesday, June 22, 1865.

GOING NORTH.

MAIL TRAIN.

Leave Raleigh,	5 00	A. M.
" Mill Brook,	5 25	"
" Huntsville,	5 46	"
" Wake,	6 13	"
" Franklinton,	7 00	"
" Kittrell's,	8 12	"
" Henderson,	8 53	"
" Junction,	9 30	"
" Ridgeway,	9 56	"
" Warrenton,	10 15	"
" Macon,	10 37	"
" Littleton,	11 20	"
" Gaston,	12 00	"
Arrive Weldon,	1 00	P. M.

GOING SOUTH.

MAIL TRAIN.

Leave Weldon,	10 00	A. M.
" Gaston,	11 00	"
" Littleton,	12 45	P. M.
" Macon,	1 34	"
" Warrenton,	1 57	"
" Ridgeway,	2 22	"
" Junction,	2 39	"
" Henderson,	3 22	"
" Kittrell's,	4 03	"
" Franklinton,	4 44	"
" Wake,	5 33	"
" Huntsville,	6 03	"
" Mill Brook,	6 21	"
Arrive Raleigh,	7 00	"

ALBERT JOHNSON,
23-tf. Superintendent.

THE BEST, MOST EXPEDITIOUS

AND

MOST COMFORTABLE

ROUTE

FROM CHARLOTTE

TO THE

NORTHERN CITIES,

VIA

North Carolina Railroad,

Raleigh & Gaston Railroad,

Petersburg & Weldon Railroad

AND THEIR

VARIOUS CONNECTIONS.

Passengers by this line will leave CHARLOTTE at 3 o'clock p. m., arrive at Raleigh 4.30 a. m. Leave RALEIGH 5 o'clock a. m., arrive at Gaston 12 a. m. Leave GASTON 1 p. m., arrive at Petersburg 6.30 p. m., and leave that night for Richmond and the north, or stay in Petersburg, get a good night's rest and take the cars for City Point, connecting with the James River steamers for northern points.

Passengers for western or southern points will leave Petersburg at 5.30 o'clock a. m., arrive at Gaston 11 a. m. Leave Gaston 11 a. m., arrive at Raleigh 7 p. m. Leave Raleigh at 7.40 p. m. and 6 a. m.

Passengers are respectfully requested to get tickets before entering the cars.

E. WILKES,
Eng. and Sup't N. C. R. R.
A. JOHNSON,
Sup't Raleigh & Gaston R. R.
R. M. DUNLOP,
Aug. 21-tf Sup't Petersburg & Weldon R. R.

W. S. G. ANDREWS. BENJ. H. HARDIN

N. C. COMMISSION HOUSE.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE undersigned have established a Commission and Forwarding House in Wilmington, and offer their services for the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Cotton Yarns, Tobacco, Bacon, Flour, &c., &., and to purchase for merchants or others, any goods sold in this market.

Office No. 2, South Water Street, up stairs.
August 28, 1865. 18-3mpd

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements occupying not more than 10 lines of minion type which constitutes a square:

1 Insertion	$1.00	2 weeks	$ 6.00
2 "	1.50	1 month	10.00
3 "	2.00	2 months	15.00
4 "	2.50	3 "	20.00
5 "	3.00	6 "	30.00
1 week	3.50		

Special notices, under a special head, will be charged one dollar per square for each insertion.

Funeral notices will be charged as advertisements.

The simple announcement of a death or marriage will not be charged.

Won't Use any Other!

WEBSTER'S

VEGETABLE HAIR INVIGORATOR,

IS LIKED BY ALL IN PREFERENCE TO ANY in market for ten reasons:

1. Because it invariably turns gray hair to its original color in the short space of four weeks.
2. Because it is clean and nice, and will not stain the skin.
3. Because it removes all Dandruff and Scurf, and is as harmless as water.
4. Because thousands are using it, and every body should.
5. Because it is peculiarly adapted to all classes, old and young.
6. Because it is purely vegetable—not a dye.
7. Because it kills hair eaters, and makes the hair luxuriant and soft.
8. Because it cures all humors and diseases of the scalp.
9. Because it arrests and prevents the hair from falling.
10. Because it is no humbug, but an honest article, as multitudes can testify; and if it don't prove as recommended, the money will be refunded.

☞ Be sure and use the Invigorator according to directions on the bottle. ☜

For sale by P. F. PESCUD.
Raleigh, Sep. 25-42 1m.

NOTICE.

Buying, Selling and Leasing Real Estate.

ALL Persons wishing to buy, sell, or Lease Real Estate, are invited to call upon the subscriber at his Hotel, on the corner of Wilmington and Davie streets, Raleigh, N. C., who promises to give their business his prompt attention, and spare no pains that will enable him to give entire satisfaction.

Being so well known to the citizens of Raleigh and Wake County, the undersigned hopes they will not hesitate to put their business in his hands.

GEORGE T. COOKE,
Agent for Wake Co. of the Pioneer Land Office.
sep 2, 1865 24-tf.

DISSOLUTION.

THE UNDERSIGNED SOME MONTHS SINCE having associated themselves together to carry on the Commission and Forwarding business, in New-Berne, N. C., and circumstances having arisen which render it impracticable for the junior partner to remove to that place, therefore, by mutual consent, the Co-partnership is this day dissolved. The business will be settled up and continued by J. F. Foard, the senior partner.

JNO. F. FOARD,
W. H. CUNINGGIM.

The Junior partner most cheerfully recommends the House of Dr. Foard to public favor and patronage.
Sep. 11-33-tf. W. H. CUNINGGIM.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Wholesale.

BALL, BEALL & CO.,

106 MAIN ST., RICHMOND, VA.

THE special attention of Merchants is invited to our New and Complete assortment of Boots and Shoes, of all kinds, Styles and Varieties—Ladies, Misses, Childrens, Men's, Boy's and Youth's.

The Retail Trade will find it to their advantage to call and examine our Stock before going elsewhere to purchase.

Aug. 26-tf.

J. W. ATKINSON & CO.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING

MERCHANTS,

AND

Agents for

SECURITY FIRE & MAINE INSURANCE COMpany, New York.
Equitable Fire Insurance Company, New York.
Peabody Fire Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Maryland Life Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Wilmington, N. C., Sep. 16 35 6m pd.

PALMER, HARTSOOK & CO.

WHOLESALE

Auction and Commission House,

Cary and Dock Libby Buildings,

RICHMOND, VA.

☞ GOODS SOLD by PACKAGE ONLY.

Proprietors U. S. Bonded Warehouse, No. 1.

GEO. S. PALMER, late of Wadsworth, Turner & Co.
DAN'L J. HARTSOOK, late of Howardsville, Va.
WM. B. ISAACS, of Wm. B. Isaacs & Co., Bankers.
October 6 52-3mos.

Nails! Nails!!

20 KEGS OF NAILS, ASSORTED SIZES, FOR sale by

W. R. ANDREWS.
September 15, 1865-34-tf.

J. H. CRAWFORD,

DENTIST

RALEIGH, N. C.,

[*Offices Over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store.*]

INFORMS the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding counties that he has opened an office at the above well known stand, and is prepared to cleanse, extract and fill, and to insert artificial Teeth, from one to an entire set, on the most improved principles of practice.

☞ He respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.
Aug 14.—1st Jan.

L. P. OLDS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HILLSBORO STREET,

Near the Exchange Hotel,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL attend all the Federal Courts in the State.

Special attention to business resulting from the war direct.
September 2nd, 1865 23-tf.

CASTINGS.

THE accommodate the public the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company will make CASTINGS of any kind when the Patterns are furnished at their shops.

ALBERT JOHNSON,
Aug. 23-tf. Gen'l Sup't

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E PELL, Editor.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1865.

THE NATIONAL UNION TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Jonathan Worth, Esq.

OF RANDOLPH.

THE PEOPLE must be trusted with their Government, and if trusted, my opinion is that they will act in good faith, and restore their former constitutional relations with all the States composing the Union.—*Andrew Johnson's Letter to Gov. Sharkey, of Mississippi.*

THE NATIONAL UNION PARTY.

We acknowledge His Excellency, ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States of America, to be the head and leader of the great National Union party. His reconstruction policy is at present the basis of that party, and we stand firmly upon it. This is the only party we acknowledge in this State.

Oh! Ingratitude.

"*Et tu Brute.*" Nothing will strike the readers of the *Standard* as being more supremely ridiculous, than the plea set up by that paper, of ingratitude on the part of Mr. Worth, and perhaps others, because having been called to the Governor's aid on account of their fitness, they should now abandon him. Mr. Worth had been chosen by the Legislature Public Treasurer, during the war. He had shown his eminent fitness for that position up to the day of the surrender. Without his solicitation, Mr. Worth was called upon by Gov. Holden to become Provisional Treasurer. We had no other man in the State so well fitted for it at that juncture as Mr Worth, because of his acquaintance with the resources of the State. Mr Worth had not been identified up to that period, with the editor of the *Standard*. His friends upon consultation advised him to accept, for the interests of the State. This was the impelling reason with Mr. Worth. In doing so, he made no pledge, compromised no principle, and entered into no contract, beyond his simple duty as Public Treasurer.

Can any one see in this any obligation to support the Governor for civil office? Is that the rule—is it to be understood, that when a man is designated by another for office or when he is employ-by another, is any service that he is to lose his identity as a free man, and subordinates himself to the control of another? Ridiculous!

All the leading Union men of the Convention oppose Mr. Worth's nomination. They regret it for his sake no more than we do. He and his friends and the *Sentinel* have forced an issue upon the people, without sufficient reason or ground of complaint.—*Standard.*

The *Standard* is not authorized to make any such statement we judge. Several gentlemen, leading Union men, doubtless thought and perhaps still think, that it might have been better in some respects to have had but one candidate.—Many others equally good Union men thought that Mr. Worth would be more likely to bring out the Union vote of the State, but neither they, nor Mr. Worth, nor the *Sentinel* have forced any issue upon the people. Three months ago, under the pledge that "by-gones should be by-gones," no one desired nor expected opposition to Gov. Holden, if he desired the office of Civil Governor. But the *Standard* forced the issue upon the people, by insisting there were two parties, drawing the lines between the "straitest sect" and the rest of the people, and by its unnecessarily bitter attacks upon those who were opposed to the "straitest sect." We think it can be demonstrated that the issue has been forced by the Governor's organ and his own endorsement, and by no one else.

Jo. Turner spoke in Wake Court-house the other night and made a mean attack upon the Governor. Mr Turner's friends seem to blame Gov. Holden because he is not pardoned instantly. They say the President is more liberal than Gov. Holden. Well, Mr. Turner has been to see the President and returned without his pardon. How so? Was not the President more liberal than Gov. Holden? Verily, it is strange.

Standard.

Hon. Jos. Turner recently visited Washington City, but did not mention the subject of his pardon to President Johnson. The only reason why Mr. Turner, Gov. Graham and other good *conservative* men and strong supporters of President Johnson's policy are not pardoned, we understand is because Gov. Holden has not recommended them as fit subjects of pardon. If our information is incorrect, the *Standard* will set us right.

Skies Bright.

The tidings from all quarters is cheering, in regard to the prospects of Mr. Worth. There is a perfect rush for tickets, and the letters and papers received, show how the current is running. Let the "sore heads" hold up their heads.

No man can continuously read the *Sentinel* and say whether Davis or Johnson is his favorite President. He fully indorses both and loves and praises both.—*Standard.*

We suppose there are persons who read the *Standard*, who would believe it, if it asserted that "the moon is made of green cheese." For such persons we have no remark. But to honest people, we say, the above is wholly untrue. The *Sentinel* has never endorsed Mr. Davis. It has only craved and asked *mercy* for him, while its endorsement of President Johnson has been constant and unequivocal.

President Johnson's reconstruction policy consists in declaring void the office of every officer in the rebellious States, who took the oath of allegiance to the Confederate States, and in having their places filled by men true and loyal to the United States and not the Confederate States; men whose loyalty to the National Government, classes them among the straitest sect Union men. This is the policy of President Johnson, and this is his only policy.

The *Sentinel* totally opposed this entire arrangement from the beginning and has opposed it all the time, and is against it now. He always wished and does now wish, that the President had let every rebellious State go on with all its officers filled with men *true and loyal* to the Confederate States. And he never has a word of praise for the President or for Governor, except it be in some instance that looks as if they were aiming to establish the Confederacy on a firmer basis. Then he positively goes into ecstacies of highfalutin.—*Standard.*

We regret to be compelled to contradict again and again the *Standard*. The *Sentinel* in no instance has opposed the reconstruction policy of President Johnson as he has himself laid it down. But the *Sentinel* has objected and does object to the interpolations made by Gov. Holden and the *Standard*, in that policy. Where has President Johnson said or intimated that he recognizes *only* the *loyalty* of "the straitest sect Union men?" Where and when did he class those whom he recognizes as true loyal men, only among the "straitest sect." It is a figment of the *Standard* alone.

The *Sentinel* has distinctly endorsed the President's policy, in which he demands that only true and loyal men should assist in the work of reconstruction. We have never advocated any thing else. President Johnson however, recognizes every man in the South a true and loyal man, included in his general amnesty, who in good faith subscribes the oath required, as well as those included in his fourteen exceptions whom he has pardoned, *until they show their infidelity by violating the oath.* Here lies the *gist* of the difference between President Johnson's and Gov. Holden's policy. The policy and platform of the President is broad, liberal and magnanimous. The *Standard* and Gov. Holden have given it a narrow, illiberal and proscriptive interpretation, by acknowledging only those to be true and loyal men, whom they class among the "straitest sect."

The same bitter and proscriptive partizans of Davis who used to hang around the *Confederate* office, of this city, are constant frequenters of the *Sentinel* office. The same old poison that pervaded the *Confederate* runs through the *Sentinel*. Strange that Jonathan Worth should descend to represent such a faction!—*Standard.*

No person "hangs around" or is a "constant frequenter" of our office, except those who have business. Gentlemen of all parties and opinions call on us, except those who are bitter and proscription, and we are always glad to see them. One of our most valued friends, a member of the Convention, who has visited us oftener than any citizen or member of the Convention, during his stay here, and whom we are always pleased to see, is one of the *fifty three* who signed the request to Gov. Holden to become a candidate.—We are sure that Mr. Worth or the Governor will be found in good company at the *Sentinel* office.

The fact and truth is that the *Sentinel does not approve* President Johnson's reconstruction policy, and never did. From the first day of its development until now he has been out and out, totally and entirely opposed to it.—*Standard.*

"The fact and truth" of the *Standard* are both untrue. We defy the *Standard* to show *one word* in which the *Sentinel* has disapproved of President Johnson's reconstruction policy. Every reader of the *Sentinel* can testify to this.

The Convention.

There are several matters which we desired to allude to, but our space forbids it. It will be seen by the proceedings of the Convention, that under the pressure of the occasion, the Convention has repudiated the State war debt or prohibited its assumption. The question of State indebtness is therefore taken out of the hands of the people.

CAPTIONS

OF ORDINANCES PASSED BY THE CONVENTION.

An Ordinance declaring null and void the Ordinance of May 20th, 1861.
An Ordinance prohibiting slavery in North Carolina.
An Ordinance in relation to the authentication of Ordinances and other Acts of the Convention.
Resolution upon the subject of a total amnesty to the people of North Carolina.
Resolution concerning the *per diem* and mileage of the officers and members of the Convention.
Resolution to print 120 copies of the constitution of the State.
Resolution concerning a flag.
An Ordinance to divide North Carolina into seven Congressional Districts.
An Ordinance providing for the election of the members of a General Assembly to be convened on the 4th Monday of November, 1865, and for electing Representatives in Congress, and Governor of the State.
Resolution asking for the removal of the colored troops from North Carolina.
Resolution directing to be printed the Acts and Resolutions of the General Assembly which convened on the 3d day of November, 1864.
An Ordinance for the election of Clerks and Sheriffs.
And Ordinance providing for the election of two members of the House of Commons from the county of Cumberland and one from the county of Harnett.
An Ordinance to give publication to the Ordinances ordering elections on the second Thursday of November next.
An Ordinance submitting to the qualified voters of the State, the ratification or rejection of certain Ordinances.
An Ordinance upon resignations and vacancies.
Resolution upon public records.
Resolution concerning the test oath.
Resolution in regard to a recess of the Convention.
An Ordinance to provide Revenue for the year 1865.
An Ordinance to protect the owners of property and for other purposes.
Resolution to transmit certain documents to the President of the United States.
Resolution to publish an Ordinance.
An Ordinance declaring what Laws and Ordinances are in force, and for other purposes.
An Ordinance appointing a Judge to determine State claims to property.
An Ordinance to organize a temporary force for the preservation of law and order.
Resolution calling on the Governor for copies of certain acts of the General Assembly passed in secret session.
Resolution of thanks to President Johnson and Governor Holden.
A Resolution to constitute a commission to prepare and report a code of laws on the subject of freedmen.
Resolution with regard to Government horses and mules.
Resolution requesting the President to proclaim the people of North Carolina restored to their rights and privileges under the Constitution and the Union.
An ordinance recognizing the just debts of the State and prohibiting the payment of all public debts contracted or incurred in aid of the rebellion.
An Ordinance granting criminal jurisdiction to the Provisional Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.
A Resolution to provide for the printing and distribution of tickets.

An Ordinance to Provide Revenue for the Year 1865.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained by the delegates of the people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same,* That the Sheriffs of this State collect, in their respective counties, in the existing national currency, and pay over to the Public Treasurer, before the first day of February, 1866, taxes on the subjects and persons, according to the rates hereinafter setforth—those taxes applying and operating during the twelve months next preceding the first day of January, 1866.

Sec. 2. On every surgeon dentist, physician, lawyer, portrait painter, daguerreian artist or other person taking likenesses of the human face, every commission merchant, factor, broker, owner of a cotton or woolen factory, except where such factory has been destroyed, and auctioneer, whose total receipts and income in the way of practice, fees, commissions or emoluments from his profession or business exceed one thousand dollars, one per cent. on the total amount of his receipts or income.

Sec. 3. On every gallon of whiskey, brandy or other spirituous liquors distilled for his own use or for sale, by the owner or person using any distillery, twenty-five cents; and a like sum on every gallon distilled for other persons, to be paid by the person for whom the same was distilled, and fifty cents on every gallon of whiskey, brandy and other spirituous liquors distilled out of the State and imported into the State for sale.

Sec. 4. On every company of circus riders, or exhibitors of collections of animals, for every county in which they shall exhibit for reward, fifty dollars.

Sec. 5. On every company of theatrical players or persons performing feats of strength or agility, or exhibiting natural or artificial objects, for each county in which they shall exhibit for reward, fifteen dollars.

Sec. 6. On the gross receipts of every insurance company incorporated out of the State, five per cent.

Sec. 7. Six per cent. on the profits of every bond or note broker, private banker, or agent of a broker or banker in any other State.

Sec. 8. On every public billiard table, one hundred dollars; and on every private billiard table in use, twenty-five dollars.

Sec. 9. On every bowling alley, whether called a nine or ten pin alley, or by any other name, fifty dollars.

Sec. 10. On every livery stable or place where horses are kept for hire, twenty-five dollars.

Sec. 11. On every retailer by measure less than a quart, of spirituous liquor, wine or cordial, or malt liquors, for each place where such retailing may be carried on, seventy-five dollars; *Provided*, That in all cases in which a license has been granted to any retailer of spirituous liquors, and he has paid any amount to the Sheriff or Clerk of the County Court of his county for such license, the amount so paid shall be credited to such retailer in the collection of the tax laid by this section. *Provided*, however, that if any such retailer shall, on or before the 1st day of November next, have altogether ceased to retail as aforesaid, and shall not again so retail during the year, every such retailer shall only pay a tax of forty dollars.

Sec. 12. Two per cent on the amount of all purchases of spirituous liquors, wines or cordials, made in this State or elsewhere, for the purpose of sale in this State, either by wholesale or retail.

Sec. 13. On every pedlar, either on land or water for each county in which he may peddle hereafter any goods spirituous liquors, wares or merchandise, whether such pedler travels on foot or with a conveyance of any kind whatever fifty dollars.

Sec. 14. Five per cent. on the gross amount received by any express company for the carriage or transportation in this State of any package, article or thing.

Sec. 15. On each bale of cotton or hogshead of tobacco, on every two hundred dollars worth of manufactured tobacco, of the growth of this State, held or owned in this State or elsewhere, at any time during the year 1865, by persons producing the same, a tax of one dollar.

Sec. 16. On each bale of cotton or hogshead of tobacco, on every two hundred dollars worth of manufactured tobacco, held or owned in this State at any time during the year 1865, by any person other than the producer, without regard to the time or place when or where purchased or otherwise acquired, a tax of two dollars.

Sec. 17. On each barrel of tar, turpentine and rosin held in this State at any time during the year 1865, by persons producing the same, a tax of five cents.

Sec. 18. On each barrel of tar, turpentine and rosin held in this State at any time during the year 1865, by any person other than the producer, without regard to the time when purchased or otherwise acquired, a tax of ten cents.

Sec. 19. One half of one per cent, on the amount of all purchases made in or out of the State, whether for cash or on credit, by any merchant, merchant tailor, grocer, jeweller, druggist, apothecary, produce dealer, commission merchant, factor, produce broker or dealer, and every other trader, who as principal or agent for another, carries on the business of buying or selling goods, wares or merchandise, of whatever name or description; *Provided, however*, That purchasers of cotton, tobacco, turpentine, rosin, tar and spirituous liquors, wine and cordials shall not be included in the amount of purchases on which the tax laid by this section is to be estimated; *And provided further*, That in all cases in which Treasury Notes of the Confederate States, or of this State, or bank notes, constituted the currency in which purchase have been made, the value in specie of such currency at the time of such purchase shall be counted in estimating the amount of any such purchase.

Sec. 20. All cotton, tobacco, turpentine, rosin, tar and other articles or things specifically taxed by this ordinance, and all such articles or things which are taxed by this ordinance as part of the amount of purchases made during the year 1865, which may have been destroyed, or of which the owner or purchaser has been deprived of the possession without his consent, shall be exempt from the operation of this ordinance.

Sec 21. To ascertain the amount of taxes due from any person, company, firm or corporation, the Sheriff or his deputy is hereby authorized and empowered to examine on oath any person or any member of any firm or company, or any president, agent or other officer of any company or corporation; and in case any such person shall refuse fully to answer, on oath, such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and said sheriff or deputy sheriff shall commit him to prison, unless he shall enter into recognizance with good security, in such sum as shall be required, to appear before the Superior Court of Law of his County at its next term, to answer the charge, and on conviction, he shall be fined or imprisoned, at the discretion of the Court.

Sec. 22. It shall be the duty of the Sheriff, or his deputy, to demand payment of the taxes by this ordinance imposed, from the parties owing the same, as promptly as may be practicable; and if such taxes shall not be paid within twenty days after such demand, it shall be lawful for such Sheriff, by himself or his deputy, to proceed to collect such taxes, with ten per cent. additional thereto, by distraint and sale of the goods, chattels or effects of the delinquent tax payers, and use all other remedies prescribed in the Revised Code against delinquent tax papers.

Sec. 23. The persons now acting in the several counties of this State as Sheriffs, under the existing provisional government, shall, as soon as practicable, summon the Justices of the Peace appointed by the Provisional Governor for their respective counties, to meet at the Court House of their several counties on a day certain; and before a majority, or such number of said Justices as shall be so assembled, such Sheriffs shall enter into the bonds as required by chapter 105 of the Revised Code, entitled "Sheriffs," with good security, to be approved by a majority of the Justices so assembled, and deliver such bonds to the clerks of the County Courts heretofore appointed by the Justices aforesaid; and thereupon such Sheriffs are empowered and directed to collect the taxes imposed or laid by this ordinance, under the provision and subject to the pains and penalties set forth in the chapter of the Revised Code above referred to, except in such particulars as are otherwise provided for in this ordinance: *Provided however*, That if the persons referred to as acting Sheriffs, refuse or decline to enter into the bonds required, then, and in that event, the Justices aforesaid may appoint some other person to qualify and act as Sheriff, under the provisions of this ordinance, who shall enter into bonds as aforesaid.

Sec. 24. The several Sheriffs shall file with the clerks of the County Courts of their respective counties, the names of the persons from whom they shall have collected any tax under this ordinance, annexing to the name of each tax payer the amount collected from him, with careful additions of the whole, showing the aggregate amount collected; which statement he shall subscribe and verify by affidavit before such clerk, in the words following: "I swear that the foregoing statement truly sets forth the name of each individual, firm and corporation from which I have collected taxes, and the amount paid by each of them, under the ordinance of the Convention, entitled "an ordinance to provide revenue for the year 1865," ratified the day of October, 1865; that all sums which may have been rendered by any Sheriff or clerk of any Court, in the name of the State as taxes, fines, forfeitures, or otherwise, shall if received by the clerk be paid to the Sheriff; and all such sums shall be entered in the statement to be filed by the Sheriff aforesaid, and the clerk shall furnish to the Sheriff a certificate verified by his signature and official seal, showing the total amount of such collections, to be filed by said Sheriff with the Public Treasurer, when he shall pay over the same to said Treasurer.

Sec. 25. The clerks of said courts shall make a copy of the statement returned by the Sheriff, and keep the same posted up in some conspicuous and accessible place in the Court House, for one month immediately after the filling of the same, and he shall, at all times, allow any tax-payer of his county to inspect the original.

Sec. 26. The Sheriff shall pay over the money collected as aforesaid by him—less six per cent, when the amount collected is under one thousand dollars, and five per cent, when the amount is over one thousand and under two thousand dollars, and four per cent. on all sums of over two thousand dollars by way of commissions for his services, which he is hereby authorized to retain—to the Public Treasurer, on or before the first day of February, 1866. Any Sheriff failing to pay to the Public Treasurer as aforesaid, shall forfeit to the State one thousand dollars; and the Public Treasurer shall report such defaulting sheriff to the solicitor for the judicial district in which such sheriff resides, and such solicitor shall, at the next term of the Superior Court of the county in which such sheriff resides, move for judgment for the amount due from such sheriff, and also the penalty aforesaid, and the presiding judge is hereby empowered to render judgment in favor of the State against such defaulting sheriff, and the sureties on his bond, for the amount so due by him, including said penalty, without other notice to such sheriff or his sureties than is given by the delinquency of such sheriff.

Sec. 27. For this settlement with the Treasurer the sheriff shall be paid by the Treasurer, five dollars for each day he may be necessarily engaged therein, and four dollars for every thirty miles of twice the estimated distance from his home to the seat of government, by the most usual way traveled.

Sec. 28. That five hundred copies of this ordinance be printed for distribution by the Treasurer among the sheriffs and clerks of the different counties of this State.

Pardons.

Pardons have been received in the Executive office for the following persons, 244 in number, viz:

ALAMANCE.

Levi B Branson, W S Bradshaw, C C Curtis, Robert Hanner, T B Thompson, Daniel Worth.

ALEXANDER.

R O Bennett.

ANSON.

Simeon E Liles.

BURKE.

R L Abernathy. Joseph Brittain, E M Boone, Waightstill Collett, W W Conley, Jacob Harshaw, Ed C Lindsay, Wm C Tate, S C T W Tate, Wm M Walton, S Tate.

BUNCOMBE.

D A Blackwell, R V Blackstock, N Blackstock, J N Banners, Joseph N Hyatt, M H Love, Dr Chas Logan, Wm Lankford, Wm F Wells.

BEAUFORT.

R H J Blount.

BERTIE.

Wm J Cherry, Augustus Halley, J N Webb, James H Webb.

CABARRUS.

R W Allison, J C Burkhead, R C Cook, Dan'l Coleman, S Harriss, Alexander N Harriss, G R Harriss, R P Harriss, C A White.

CHATHAM.

D H Albright, Andrew Brown, Wm. Crudup, Isaac N Clegg, Joshua W Hackney, Theo. Hill, Nathaniel M Hill, L J Haughton, John A Womack.

CUMBERLAND.

John C Blocker, O H Blocker, A M Campbell, R W Hardie, J W Lett, B G Worth.

CALDWELL.

Joseph R Ballew, H C Hamilton, J C Harper, Allen Saxton, R T Lenoir, J G Ballew.

CRAVEN.

H J B Clark.

CASWELL.

J A G Hunt, William S Long, Wm. Thomas, F L Warren.

CATAWBA.

L F Herman, H W Link, Andrew D Lindsay.

CHOWAN.

Thos D Warren.

DUPLIN.

Edward Armstong, Kedar Bryan, Daniel Brown, Jas G Branch, James R Hurst, Jno W Hall, C D Hill, Wm E Hill, J R Williams, Alfred Hollingsworth.

DAVIE.

E D Austin, Braxton Bailey.

DAVIDSON.

Alfred Hargrave, A C Hedge, S P Love, C F Lowe, Valentine Hoover.

EDGECOMBE.

Jno L Bridges, Elisha Cromwell.

FORSYTH.

Jno H Hester.

FRANKLIN.

Peterson Thorpe, Thomas K Thomas, J J Ward.

GRANVILLE.

L H Bullock, Rufus Bobbitt, John Bullock, John Blackwall, Josiah Crudup, Wm B Hughes, John R Hicks, W N Harriss, R W Harriss, Thos D Harriss, C H K Taylor, Jno Wimbish, David A Hunt.

GREENE.

D A Sugg, W H B Taylor, R W Best.

GASTON.

B B Barrow.

GUILFORD.

Archibald Wilson.

HYDE.

J C Ballance, J M Watson.

HENDERSON.

Daniel Blake.

HARNETT.

J G Brown, James Cameron, A A Harrington, Wm D Harrington, A B Horton, John Harrington, John Larkins, James H Weathers.

HALIFAX.

Henry J Harvey, A B Lynch.

IREDELL.

C A Carlton, J C Hargrave.

JOHNSTON.

Jno R Bryan, J C Holland, G W Britt, Chas H Holland, Joseph Hare, Daniel H Holland, Wm Hastings, B R Hinnant, Willie Hastings, Nathan Williams.

JACKSON.

Jas W Ferrell.

LINCOLN.

Jno E Bayer, S C Babb.

LENOIR.

Wm Herring.

MECKLENBURG.

W M Alexander, Thos H Brem, H P Helper, J L Leneberger, Margaret M Withers.

MONTGOMERY.

Jas Batten, Martin Hunsucker, C C Wade, Robert F Webb, David Wright.

MCDOWELL.

Jas P Leaky.

MITCHELL

Jas. G Wiseman.

NORTHAMTON.

T Pollock Burgwyn, Wm Boone, Wm H Clark, jr., W M Crocker, Paul F Faison, Jno M Moody, Jno E Lindsay.

NEW HANOVER.

W S Anderson, Jas Cassidy, Jas S Hines.

NASH.

W. W. Boddie, B H Blount, T T A Cooper, N W Cooper, Robert E Carter, John A Harrison.

ORANGE.

M A Angier, Josiah Turner, sr., R F Webb

PERSON.

J W Hunt, Chesley Hamlin.

RANDOLPH.

W W Andrews, Geo B Addison, Wm Burney, Alfred Brown, Jason C Harris, G M Worth.

ROWAN.

D S Bringle, W H Bailey, Thos E Brown, B F Hoover, Joseph A Hawkins, Moses L Holmes, Jno B Tracey, Wm A Trott, S S Trott, Jesse Thomas, J R M White.

RICHMOND.

John P Little.

SURRY.

W M Bauner. L. H. Taylor.

SAMPSON.

J R Beaman.

STOKES.

Wm A Lash, W. Withers.

WARREN.

Wm T Alston, A D Alston, K P Alston, J. B Batchelor, Elbert A Cheek, Buxton Williams, F A Thornton.

YADKIN.

J A Bitting, John C Conrad, E Hough, Thos Long, A H Thomas, E A Windsor.

WAKE.

T N F Alston, R M Brown, W M Boylan, Michael Bowes, A N Betts, Fendal Beavers, James A Bryan, David Hinton, W H Cunninggim, Joseph M Howell, R W Haywood, J J Litchford, W S Thompson, G B Waterhouse.

WAYNE.

J J Baker, Jesse Bizzle, Council Best, E B Borden, G W Collier, T H Atkinson, Cooper Huggins, Richard Washington, W B Whitfield, Thos Waters, L Whitfield.

WILSON.

Edwin Barnes, Jas D Barnes, Wm Barnes, jr, J J Taylor.

WILKES.

E M Welborn.

North Carolina State Convention.

SIXTEENTH DAY—CONTINUED.

October 19th 1865.

Mr. Grissom of Granville, having withdrawn his amendment, to the ordinance introduced by Mr. Settle in relation to the war debt, Mr. McIver of Mecklenburg, offered an amendment by way of substitute, that all debts made in aid of the rebellion directly or indirectly, shall not be paid, and debarring any action by the Legislature on the subject.

Mr. McIver supported his amendment.

Mr. N. A. McLean of Robeson, said while he was willing to trust the people, still he did not desire to make them scap-goats for this body.—The Convention should shoulder the responsibility. He saw great significance in the telegraphic dispatch from the President, and he thought it was necessary that we should act and do so immediately.

Mr. Smith of Wilkes, took position against the assumption of the war debt.

Mr. King of Lenoir, was also opposed to the assumption of this debt.

Mr. McDonald of Moore had advocated the submission of this question to the people, but he was now for immediate action by this Convention.

Mr. Brooks of Pasquotank said, that the delegate from Rockingham (Mr. Settle,) had claimed this question as his peculiar bantling; but he would, allow that others felt great interest in it. Some gentlemen expressed great indignation at the telegram. It had a different effect upon him; every word it contained was in accord with his feelings. He had always and now believed it was unjust to tax loyal men, however few to pay the war debt, if there was but one loyal man in the State he should not be taxed to pay an unjust and illegal debt. President Johnson was right.

Gentlemen were very indignant at the receipt of this dispatch, he heard no such indignation expressed, when on a former occasion, a telegram had been received from the President. The dispatch was in accordance with his feelings. He did not wish himself to be taxed to pay a debt contracted and expended as this one had been, and he could not vote to tax his people or the people of North Carolina for its payment.

It had been expended by the Home Guards in the West professing to hunt up deserters, when in fact, they were seeking the wives and sisters of these men; it was expended by that heartless crowd of men who had confined in the western part of the State ten white women in a pen—it had been expended for the horrors of the bastile at Salisbury, of which you Mr. President, (Mr. Caldwell of Burke in the chair,) know something.

Some gentleman said that the old debt had not as much claim upon North Carolina as the new debt, because it was held principally beyond the limits of the State, while the latter is owned by citizens of North Carolina. Influences of this sort may control the action of some men, but it would not swerve him from the line he had marked for himself. He cared not whether the old bonds were held by foreigners or citizens of the United States; his action would be governed by the purpose for which they were created and expended.

Gentlemen who charge the telegram of President Johnson as dictatorial, did not recollect that North Carolina and the other Southern States had been dictated to upon the subject of slavery, and for that there was no complaint, but on the contrary had come forward and voluntarily sustained it, depriving as it did, many gentlemen on this floor and thousands of our people of a very important part of their property. Why was it done? Because they regarded it as dictated by the Federal Government, and was essential in order to become a member of that government.

Mr. Brooks, defended the spirit and language of the telegram. He would have thought less of President Johnson, if he had thought any action necessary on our part and had not advised us of it.

Mr. Moore of Wake, said that the gentleman from Pasquotank (Mr. Brooks) had expressed surprise that some delegates should have manifested displeasure upon the receipt of the President's dispatch. He (Mr. Moore) did feel some displeasure at its reception and was not satisfied now.—The gentleman (Mr. Brooks) desired to know why displeasure had not been manifested upon the receipt of the first telegraphic dispatch. There was considerable difference between a superior approving what had been done, and dictating what must be done. He was pleased with the first telegram, but suppose the President had ordered this Convention to have passed the ordinance declaring null and void the ordinance of May 20th, 1861, in the words it had been done, and then have telegraphed "well done thou good and faithful servant," what would the compliment have been worth?

Thank God, he was yet a freeman, and his constituents were free and he should represent them as such. He had too high an opinion of President Johnson—his courage and magnanimity—to suppose he meant the dispatch for dictation, and he would despise us if he thought we would suffer it. The delegate from Pasquotank (Mr. Brooks) regarded it in the light of advice. The language was questionable, and he would have preferred it to have been different. He knew the President to be a man, who uses strong language, and he was willing to take it for advice. He would not bow down like a slave—he had been in greater danger during the last four years than he was now. He would prefer to leave the country an outcast, rather than submit to dictation. He said this, in reply to those who had agreed that this telegram was a requirment that we should act finally upon the war debt. (At this juncture, the flag staff upon the Capitol broke and fell upon the roof with much noise, to the evident alarm of not a few delegates.) Yes, Mr. President, when we submit to dictation that flag-staff ought to fall.

Mr. Settle, of Rockingham replied, looking upon the dispatch as friendly advice. We had submitted to dictation upon the subject of slavery without complaint.

Mr. Moore here remarked that he had never seen the day he would not have given up every slave he owned, be they few or many, to have procured the settlement of the troubles under which we were suffering.

Mr. Settle, resuming said, that it had been dictated to us at the point of the bayonet. There things had been required of us, in order to establish our relations with the Government; we had accomplished two, to the satisfaction of the administration, and this alone remained, and we should act promptly and with unanimity.

The question then recurring on the amendment of Mr. Iver, Mr. Polk of Anson called the *ayes* and *noes* and the amendment did not prevail. Yes 38—Nays 63.

Mr. Caldwell of Guilford moved to strike out all after the enacting clause and insert a substitute authorizing the Public Treasurer to scale the debt of the State, and the Treasurer to redeem by issuing bonds in exchange therefor, bonds and stocks of the State to be used first in payment as far as they go.

The substitute was rejected.

The question then recurring on Mr. Moore's substitute, it was rejected.

Mr. Bingham moved to amend by striking out in the original ordinance the words "directly and indirectly," but it was not agreed to.

Mr. Starbuck of Forsyth offered the following amendment to the second section.

Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to exclude the Legislature from making just compensation to any citizens of North Carolina, who have been loyal to the United State government from the commencement to the ending of the rebellion, for any money or other means furnished the State in strict conformity to acts of the General Assembly or the ordinances of the State Convention, except where such appropriations were made for war purposes. Not agreed to.

Mr Odom of Northampton moved to amend so that the ordinance would not go into effect until ratified by the people. Not agreed to.

Mr. Winston of Franklin moved that a division of the question so that the vote would be taken upon the sections separately, which was agreed to, and the ordinance passed its second reading.—Ayes 84, nays 12.

Messrs. Moore of Wake and Patterson of Caldwell, were excused from voting, on the ground of interest.

Messrs. Winston of Franklin and Joyner of Warren were excused upon the grounds that they could not represent the wishes of their constituents.

The ordinance was read a third time under a suspension of the rules, and Mr. Grissom renewed his amendment submitting the second section (prohibition of the war debt,) to the people for ratification, and it was agreed to. Ayes 78, nays 21.

Mr. Caldwell of Guilford moved to strike out the second section and demanded the ayes and nays, but the demand was not sustained and the amendment was rejected.

Mr. Settle moved to reconsider the vote by which the second section was referred to the people.

Mr. Caldwell of Guilford called the ayes and nays, and the vote was reconsidered. Ayes 50, nays 47.

Mr. Phillips rose to address the Convention but gave way to a motion to take a recess until 7 o'clock, which prevailed.

SIXTEENTH DAY.

NIGHT SESSION.

7 o'clock, P. M.

Mr. Moore of Wake, introduced an ordinance granting criminal jurisdiction to the Provisional Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions. (Provides that the provisional county Courts and Magistrates shall have the same criminal jurisdiction as is given by the revised code. to county courts and magistrates,) which passed under a suspension of the rules.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

The amendment of Mr. Grissom to refer the second section of Mr. Settle's ordinance to the people for ratification, came up as the unfinished business.

Mr. Phillips opposed it, as trifling with the people—they had already nine distinct and important ballots to cast. and as the proclamation of the Governor had already been issued in regard to the others, this matter would hardly be able to reach the remote parts of the State in time for the elections, as the members of the Convention would leave before the Governor could possibly prepare the additional proclamation.

The amendment did not prevail, and the ordinance passed its third and final reading.

Mr. Eaton of Warren asked leave to spread upon the journals the following protest, which was granted.

Protest of Wm. Eaton, Jr., one of the delegates from the county of Warren, to the ordinance entitled "an ordinance, recognizing the just debts of North Carolina and prohibiting the payment of all public debts created or incurred in aid of the late rebellion."

In giving my vote against the above entitled ordinance, I desire it to be understood that I have done so, under the influence of a conviction, that the Convention especially, during the present session, should confine its action exclusively to such matters as may be indispensably necessary to restore North Carolina to her position in the Union, and to relieve her people from military rule. I do not regard the subjects embraced in the ordinance to wit: the recognition of the ante-war debt, and the repudiation of the war debt, as belonging to that class; but I consider them to be mere ordinary subjects of Legislation. From the commencement of our session, and indeed before, up to the present time, I have deemed it unwise and inexpedient for the Convention, to take any action upon the subject of the State debt, and have thought that it would be best to leave the whole subject in the hands of the General Assembly, which will meet in a few weeks. WM. EATON, JR.

We concur in the above and accept it as our own.

D. F. Caldwell,	Jonathan Harris,
A. A. McCoy,	D. D. Ferebee,
M. E. Manley,	Thos. I. Faison,
Wm. Baker,	Edwd. Conigland.
John T. Kennedy,	W. W. Brickell.

Mr. Warren of Beaufort. introduced a resolution to provide for the printing and distribution of tickets authorizing the Provisional Governor to have printed and distributed tickets necessary for the vote upon the ordinances to be submitted to the people. The resolution was passed under suspension of the rules.

Mr. Love of Jackson, moved to suspend the rules in order to take up the ordinance on the "Basis of Representation," and made a most able and eloquent appeal in behalf of the West, showing the great injustice done that section by the present basis of representation, but his motion did not prevail.

Mr. Thompson of Bertie introduced a resolution (Mr. Phillips of Orange in the Chair) returning the thanks of this body to Hon E. G. Reade for the ability, impartiality and urbanity with which he has discharged the duties of President of the Convention, which was unanimously adopted

Judge Reade, re-suming the Chair addressed the Convention as follows:

Gentlemen of the Convention: Our work is finished. The breach in our Government so far as the same was by force, has been overcome by force; and, so far as the same had the sanction of legislation, the legislation has been declared to be null and void. So that there remains nothing to be done, except the withdrawal of military power, when all our governmental relations will be restored, without further asking on the part of the State, or giving on the part of the United States.

The element of slavery, which has so distracted and divided the sections, has, by a unanimous vote, been abolished. Every man in the State is free. The reluctance which for a while was felt to the sudden and radical change in our domestic relation,—a reluctance which was made oppressive to us by our kind feelings for the slave, and by apprehensions of the evils which were to follow him, has yielded to the determination to be to him, as we always have been, his best friend; to advise, protect, educate and elevate him; to seek his confidence and to give him ours; and each occupying appropriate positions towards the other, to cherish for the past and cultivate for the future, those strong and mutual attachments which have been hallowed at the hearthstone, in the church, in the sick room, and at the grave.

It remains for us to return to our constituents and engage with them in the great work of restoring our beloved State to order and prosperity.

As long as I remember anything with pleasure, my heart will beat faster when I reflect, gentlemen, upon your kindness to me. You have honored me with your confidence and excused my imperfections. I have not to remember a single discourtesy.

I wish you a safe journey to your affectionate families, that your lives may be useful, honorable and happy, and that God may bless you.

Upon motion of Mr. Wilson, of Perquimans, the Convention adjourned until the 4th Thursday in May, 1866.

REMARKS OF

MR. BROOKS OF PASQUOTANK.

In support of an amendment offered by him to the resolution requesting the Governor to correspond with the President of the United States in behalf of prisoners detained by the military in North Carolina.

Mr. Brooks said that in offering the amendment so as to extend the benefits of the resolution to Major Mills Sanderlin, a citizen of Camden county, he did so from a sense of duty, and he took pleasure in this way to some extent, in discharging what he acknowledged to be a personal duty.

He knew Major Sanderlin by character before the war During the progress of the war he became personally acquainted with him. He with pleasure upon this floor, acknowleged his obligation to this gentleman, while in the service of the rebel government for his efforts in the restoration to him of property, of which he had been deprived by rebel soldiers, upon a charge of disloyalty to the rebel government. That Major Sanderlin well knew him to be a Union man, but rendered the service freely, and without compensation. Mr. Brooks knew that Maj. Sanderlin had rendered similar service to other Union men in the section of the State in which he resides.

The charges under which it is understood that this gentleman has been arrested, are not believed to be true by the Union men to whom Major Sanderlin is best known. He did not believe that he was guilty. That he is universally regarded as a gallant soldier and an honorable gentleman. He hoped the amendment would prevail.

We were pleased to meet on the street yesterday, our distinguished fellow-citizen, Hon. W. A. Graham, looking in excellent health. We did not receive his letter on the test oath in time for to-day's issue, but, will lay it before our readers to-morrow. The election for members of the next Congress will soon be upon us, and we think it important to give our readers the benefit of his lucid argument. Governor Graham is the *man* in the State to whom all look to for dignified and manly statesmanship, and his utterances always command respect and attention. We learn from a friend that he has not yet been pardoned. But,

"Far from true joy the exile Marcellus feels," &c—

Charlotte Times.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HON. JOSIAH TURNER, JR.,

We are requested to announce Hon. JOSIAH TURNER, JR., of Orange as a candidate for the Congress of the United States from the fourth Congressional District, at the ensuing election.

Oct 18-62 tde.

WE ARE REQUESTED TO ANNOUNCE DR. E. A. CRUDUP as a candidate to represent the County of Franklin in the Senate in the next General Assembly.

Oct. 18th, 1865-62 tde.

FOR CONGRESS.

MR. EDITOR:—The friends of C. C. CLARK Esq., of Craven County, announce him as a candidate to represent the 2nd Congressional District, in the next United States Congress.

October, 17, 1865-61-tde.

*** Goldsboro', Wilmington and New Berne papers, please publish.

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE DR. J. G. RAMSAY a candidate for Congress in the sixth District, composed of the Counties of Rowan, Cabarrus, Mecklenburg, Union, Gaston, Lincoln, Catawba, Iredell, Alexander, Wilkes, Yadkin and Davie.

Oct. 19-62-tde.

COUNTY COURT CLERK.

WE ARE REQUESTED TO ANNOUNCE J. J. FERRELL, Esq., as a candidate for County Court Clerk, for the County of Wake at the election in November.

Oct. 19-63tde.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE MAJ. WILLIE D. JONES as a Candidate to represent Wake County in the State Senate, at the approaching election. 57-tde.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE W. G. BRIGGS, as a Candidate for the Sheriffalty of Wake County. He will meet his friends at all public gatherings throughout the County between this and the election.

Oct. 21-65 tde.

William K. Barham,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SEVERAL COURTS of Wake, Franklin, Nash, and Johnston Counties, and in the Supreme Court of North Carolina

Special attention will be given to Conveyancing and Office Practice generally, and to the settlement and collection of claims.

Office on Fayetteville Street, No. 48.

Oct. 21-65-tf.

WANTED,

TO BUY A STEAM SAW MILL.

ADDRESS ME AT WADESBORO', N. C., GIVing full particulars. State lowest cash price.

L. L. POLK.

Oct. 18 62-3t pd.

HARDWARE AT WHOLESALE.

Mitchell & Allen.

No. 22 Pollock St., Newbern. N. C.

ARE RECEIVING, AND NOW OFFER FOR sale, a large Stock of Builders' and House keepers' Hardware of every description, Carpenters', Coopers', Blacksmiths' and Machinists' Tools, Pocket Knives, Knives & Forks, Scissors, Japanned, Painted and Plain Tin Ware, Willow and Wood Ware, Parlor and Cook Stoves, with a large variety of other House furnishing goods, consisting in part Cut and Pressed Glass, China and Queen's Ware, Britannia and Plated Ware.

PAPER HANGINGS,
BORDERS AND CENTRES,
PAPER AND PAINTED WINDOW SHADES;

ALSO,

GENTS', LADIES'
AND
BOYS' SADDLES, WHIPS,
BUGGY AND WAGON HARNESS,
BRIDLES, &c.

ALSO

AGENTS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS

For the sale of any article of Manufacture or Produce.

NEWBERN, N. C., Oct., 17, 1865-61-3m.

On Consignment.

500 BUNCHES COTTON YARN.

1,500 Pairs Ladies', Gents', and Child' Shoes, 75 Dozen Black and Drab Felt Hats, which will be sold by the Case or Dozen, at very low prices.

MITCHELL & ALLEN.

Newbern, N. C., Oct., 17, 1865-61-3m.

Mitchell & Allen,

AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

FOR

EVAN'S & WATSONS

CELEBRATED BUGLAR

AND

FIRE-PROOF SAFES.

Address orders to

EVANS & WATSON

PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

OR TO

MITCHELL & ALLEN,

NEWBERN, N. C.

Newbern, N. C., Oct., 17, 1865 61 3m.

Tournament and Coronation Party.

THERE WILL BE A TOURNAMENT AND CORonation Party at Louisburg, N. C., on Tuesday the 7th of November, 1865. The Knights from the adjoining counties are respectfully invited to attend.

The Knights will be addressed by Col. W. F. Green of Franklin.

DR. JAS. B. CLIFTON,
Chief Marshal.

Oct. 20-64 1w.

Revenue Stamps.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK HAVING been appointed Agent for the sale of Revenue Stamps, is now prepared to furnish them in any quantity that may be required.

W. B. GULICK,
Cashier.

October, 17, 1866-61-2w.

NOTICE.

THE DEEDS AND PRIVATE PAPERS OF DAVID H STEPHENSON, were left with some friend at the approach of the Federal army. He died soon thereafter, and did not communicate with any one They may be about Greensboro'. Any person having knowledge of them will confer a great favor on the family by addressing the subscriber, who administered on his estate at August Term of Wake County Court.

J. C. HUNTER, Admr.

Oct 19, 63-4t pd.

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE Apply to

J. T. GOOCH.

Oct. 11-56-2w-pd. Weldon, N. C.

1865 1865

DRY GOODS!

Fall and Winter Trade.

GOLDSTEIN & WILSON WOULD RESPECT fully call the attention of the public to our very complete stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE,
FALL AND WINTER
DRY GOODS,

Which we are now prepared to offer at prices which we feel assured will compare favorably with those of any other House in the City.

It consists of

Silks, Merinos,
DeLanes, (all wool) Bombazines,
Lustre's, Prints of the Best Make,
Domestics, bleached and unbleached,
Cambrics, White and Colored,

Corset Jeans, Ladies Hats of the latest and most approved styles. Shoes to suit the season, &c., &c.

AT J. C. PALMER'S STORE.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE LOT, of the Latest Styles of Ready Made Clothing, consisting of plain and fancy Cassimere Suits, Black Cloth Suits, Overcoats, plain and fancy (all wool) Shirts, Linen and paper shirt collars. Call and get one of those travelling collars, at

GOLDSTEIN & WILSONS'

AT J. C. PALMER'S Store.

RALEIGH, Oct. 17th, 1865-61-tf.

LOOK OUT!

FOR THE BROWN STONE FRONT

(D. C. MURRAY'S OLD STAND.)

IF YOU WANT TO BUY GOOD GOODS, CHEAP goods, and goods that will please at home and abroad, call and examine our beautiful assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
LADIES AND GENTS' HATS
READY MADE CLOTHING, &c.,

Before purchasing elsewhere. Your examining our stock will not incur the least obligation to buy. We guarantee to make the trouble of examining our stock, to your interest, for, if we do not sell—will cause some one else to do so, at very low figures.

Ladies Cloaks.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST IN TOWN. HAVing sold nearly all of our first stock, have ordered a new supply by Express.

MURRAY & TREDWELL,
Brown Stone Front, Agent.

READY MADE CLOTHING, &c.,

[Just Received by Express.]

50 Fine Cassimere Suits,
Fine Broadcloth Coats and Sacks,
Black Doeskin and Cassimere Pants.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF HALF HOSIERY IN Town. All of which we are selling below market price.

MURRAY & TREDWELL,
Brown Stone Front, Agent.

ONE OF OUR FIRM BEING A RESIDENT OF New York, is on the spot at all times to take advantage of the Market. Should the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of Raleigh, or the surrounding country, wish any articles not on hand—will order whatever they may need, and have them here as soon as Express can travel.

MURRAY & TREDWELL, Agents.

Ladies Dress Goods, &c.

BEAUTIFUL LINE OF POPLINS, FRENCH Merino's, Plain and Figured De Laines, and other styles of dress goods. Hoop Skirts. Balmoral Skirts, Corsets, Hosiery, Gloves, &c., at

MURRAY'S & TREDWELL'S, Agent.

Oct. 19-h, 63-tf.

PEACE INSTITUTE FOR RENT.

ON SATURDAY, 12 O'CLOCK, I WILL RENT to the highest bidder at my Office, Creech's Store, the Peace Institute property, until January 1866 W. R. MILLER.

Raleigh, Oct. 17 61-4ts.

*** Standard copy.

Wanted,

AN ACCOMPLISHED YOUNG LADY, A GRADuate at Greensboro' Female College, desires a position as Teacher in a Family, in a good neighborhood. Apply soon to the editor of the *Sentinel*.

Oct 19 63 tf.

THE OLD HOUSE IN NEW DRESS.

A FINE STOCK OF CLOTHING FOR MEN AND Boys. Extensive variety of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

and the largest stock of

UNDERCLOTHING,

in the State.

The same reliable fabrics which the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding shave hitherto country found at this house are now offered.

EVERY GARMENT

we offer is made to order We sell the finest, medium and lower grades of clothing

We can fit you with Ready-made Clothing equal to the finest New York custom work, at

HARDING, ANDREWS & CO.

FOUR DOLLARS! FOUR DOLLARS!!

$4 $4 $4 $4 $4 $4

Buys as good a HAT as is sold elsewhere in Raleigh for $5

Our Hats are bought by the case and we can make a satisfactory profit and sell 25 per cent. below prices generally.

Country Merchants

can select Hats by the dozen or case of us upon as good terms as Eastern Manufacturers can supply them.

HARDING ANDREWS & CO.

(Harding's old stand,) Fayetteville St.

Parents and Guardians

Can find at Harding, Andrews & Co.'s CLOTHING STORE, the newest styles, the desirable colors, the durable fabrics and best made

YOUTHS AND BOYS' CLOTHING

in the State.

We pay particular attention to the wants of Parents for their sons' Clothing at

HARDING, ANDREWS & CO'S

Clothing House.

Umbrellas! Umbrellas!!

Largest stock of best make, at

HARDING, ANDREWS & CO'S.

It matters not how Large you are,

HARDING, ANDREWS & CO, can fit you to Clothing and Under-Wear. They are opening a large assortment of

English Merino SHIRTS and DRAWERS,

something entirely new in this market, to fit all sizes!

HARDING, ANDREWS & CO.,

Clothiers, &c.

Why pay $5 or $6 for a Hat such as we can sell you for Four Dollars? At

HARDING, ANDREWS & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Hats.

The Planters of North Carolina should see the Planters' Hat sold by

HARDING, ANDREWS & CO.

By Express Daily,

Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Undergarments, &c., at

HARDING, ANDREWS & CO.

Raleigh, Oct. 11, 1865-55-thov.

New Arrival.

20 BARRELS BALTIMORE FAMILY FLOUR, At
W. R. ANDREWS'.

40 BOXES CHEESE, At
W. R. ANDREWS'.

10,000 SEGARS, At
W. R. ANDREWS'.

Raleigh, Sep. 25-42-tf.

Stoves! Stoves! Stoves!

LOUGEE & BROTHER

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE LOT OF Cooking and Parlor Stoves at the old stand on Fayetteville Street.

PLANISHED WARE. A FINE ASSORTment of French and Coffee and Tea Pots.

JAPAN WARE. TRUNKS, CAKE AND SUgar Boxes, Tea and Coffee Canisters, Dust Pans, Spittoons, Pepper Boxes and Fancy Tin Cups.

HARDWARE and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS. Waffle Irons, Frying Pans, Sauce Pans, Tinned Iron Pots, Coffee Mills, Snuffers, &c.

TIN WARE. A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT, and Home-made.

JOBBING, REPAIRING and HOUSE-ROOFING executed at the shortest notice.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE AND REPAIR Stove Pips, put up Stoves, &c.

PERSONS DESIRING ANY THING IN OUR line would do well to give us a call.

Raleigh, October 10, 1865-55-3ws.

LOOKING GLASSES at 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

DRESSING COMBS at 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

The Children not Forgotten.

DOLLS FROM 25 CENTS TO $8 00, at 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

GENUINE DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO, at 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY, ETC., at 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

PERSONS VISITING RALEIGH, AS WELL AS citizens, are invited to call in at 44 Fayetteville Street and see the *variety of useful articles*.

D. T. CARRAWAY,
With Hart & Lewis.

Raleigh, October 9, 1865 54-tf.

Plated Ware.

WE HAVE A BEAUTIFUL VARIETY OF PLAted Tea Setts—six pieces each.

TEA AND TABLE SPOONS,
SALT AND MUSTARD SPOONS,
FORKS AND CUPS.

—ALSO—

PLATED CASTORS of finest patterns,
NAPKIN RINGS, &c., &c., &c., &c.

These Goods are *made to order expressly for our trade*, are of the best quality of Plate on genuine ALBATTA, warranted full weight of Silver, and equal in appearance to solid Silver Ware. For sale low at 44 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.,

D. T. CARRAWAY,
With Hart & Lewis.

Raleigh, October 9, 1865 54-tf.

MORE GOODS

AT

44 Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.

IN ADDITION TO OUR LARGE STOCK OF HARDWARE and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, we have received another lot of

BUGGY MATERIAL.

Rims, Spokes, Hubs, Enamelled Cloths, Dash and Collar Leather, Bands, Clips, Shafts, &c.

—ALSO—

Rogers & Brother's Celebrated "heavy plated on Albatta."

Spoons and Forks.

Wright, Brother & Co.'s make of Umbrellas.

Bed Screws, Bedstead Joints, Tubs, Buckets, Trays, Waiters, Door Mats, Foot Scrapers, Brooms, Brushes, Spittoons.

A new Washing Machine, Well Buckets, Wheels and Rope.

Conductors, Punches, Bell Cord for Rail Road Cars, Couplings, &c.

Paints, Varnishes and Oils, Kerosene Oil, Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks.

Cooking Stoves of the best patterns.

Pocket and Table Cutlery in great variety—and Irons, Shovels and Tongs, Pots, Ovens, Spiders Kettles, &c.

D. T. CARRAWAY,
50-3m. With Hart & Lewis.

HART & LEWIS,

(Established in 1858.)

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

TIN,
COPPER AND SHEET IRON,
COOKING STOVES,
—AND—
HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS

NEWBERN, N. C.
MIDDLE STREET.

A. E. HALL,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

22 North Water Street,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton and other produce solicited.

REFER to Rev. W. E. PELL, Raleigh.

Wilmington, July 13, 1865. 24—2m pd.

Selling Off at Cost.

HENSHAW & THORBURN,

(ONE DOOR ABOVE PESCUD'S DRUG STORE,)

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH,

HAVING DETERMINED TO CHANGE THEIR business, are now selling out their fine stock of New Goods, [most of them just imported,]

AT COST.

Their fine lot of

DRESS GOODS

has just been received, consisting of

Silks, Merinos,
Delaines, Ginghams,
De Chevris, Scotch Plaids,
Prints, &c. Alpaccas, &c.

—ALSO—

a fine assortment of

Victoria Hats, Kid Gloves,
Sontags, Brilliantes,
Shawls, Jackonets,
Corsetts, Muslins,
Hose, Irish Linen,
Hoop Skirts, Silk Hdks,
Balmorals, Linen Hdkfs.

—ALSO—

Hair Oils, Extracts and Pomade.

—ALSO—

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

AND

Ready-Made Clothing.

—ALSO—

A lot of choice

GROCERIES.

These goods must be cleared off in a short time, and they are offered at the lowest prices.

Henshaw & Thorburn respectfully return their thanks to the ladies of Raleigh and vicinity, for their liberal patronage, and hope that they will embrace an early opportunity to purchase at the low prices now offered.

Raleigh, October 9 54-tf.

New Store.

BRIGGS & DODD,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

(NEXT DOOR TO W. H. & R. S. TUCKER'S,)

RALEIGH, N. C.,

ARE NOW RECEIVING AND OPENING A FINE stock of

HARDWARE, FAMILY GROCERIES AND CROCKERY.

Persons wishing to purchase will do well to examine their stock before buying.

They also offer for sale

Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs.

Price from $110 to $600.

—ALSO—

Grover & Baker's Family Sewing Machines.

Price from $55 to $145.

—ALSO—

Portable Steam Engines and Saw Mills,

—AND—

All kinds of Wood and Iron working Machinery. They have also on hand a lot of second hand wood working machinery and a second hand 10-horse power portable Steam Engine, used but very little. All of which are offered at very low prices.

Raleigh, October 6-52 tf.

D. D. WALLACE. J. E. SOUTHERLAND.

WALLACE & SOUTHERLAND,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Office over A. E. Hall's Store,
No. 22 NORTH WATER ST.,
Wilmington, N. C.

WILL give prompt personal attention to all Consignments of

NAVAL STORES, COTTON, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ROSIN, TAR, PROVISIONS, &C., &C., EITHER FOR SALE OR SHIPMENT.

—ALSO—

TO FORWARDING MERCHANDISE, &c.

Sep. 6, 1865-36-tf.

For Sale.

A TRACT OF LAND, CONSISTING OF ONE hundred acres of *cleared land*, and one hundred and sixty acres *in the original growth*, lying in Randolph County, N. C., eight miles below the Deep River Cotton Factories, thirty miles South of Greensboro on the Fayetteville road, and about the same distance from the Company Shops on the N. C. R. R. Said land is very fertile, and well adapted to the growth of wheat, corn, oats and tobacco. There is a small dwelling house on the place, with other necessary buildings.

Besides gold has been found on the land, and miners say there is a rich vein of gold which might be easily developed by any one having the means to do it. Any one wishing to purchase said land, will call on me at Thomasville, N. C., and I will sell him a bargain.

D. R. BRUTON.

October 5 51-tf.

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE,

CAN BE HAD UPON REASONBLE RATES, IN the Security Insurance Company, New York City, Capital One Million Dollars, by application at the law office of the subscriber, near his residence.

THOMAS BRAGG.

October 16 60-1w.

☞ "Standard" publish one week and send bill to this office.

W. J. BAKER, P. COWPER, W. H. JONES'

BAKER COWPER & CO.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION Merchants

And Attor's at Law.—Brokers and Collectors Generally.

Aug. 22-3t.

WANTED.

CONFED'RATE STATES 8 PER CENT Bonds of 500 and $1,000 each of the issue o August 9 1 and February 20 1863.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Raleigh, October 17-61-tf.

For Rent.

A GOOD HOUSE WITH FIVE ROOMS, FIVE acres of land attached, good garden, privilege of getting fire wood, which is plentiful in two hundred yards of the house. House is in twenty minutes' walk of the State House. House and lot for rent until the 1st of January, 1867. Possession given immediately.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Raleigh, Oct. 16-60-tf.

WHITFIELD'S REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM.

Cures Rheumatism certain—a pleasant tonic for the feeble and nervous

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Sep. 8, 1865 28-1w.

BANK NOTES FOR SALE.

$10,000 ON THE BANK OF NORTH CAROlina, Bank of Cape Fear, Bank of Charlotte, and Farmer's Bank.

Gold coin for sale also.

30-tf. BAKER, COWPER & CO.

FOR SALE.

N. C. SHIRTING, BY THE BOLT OR BALE. New Orleans Molasses, Brown Sugar, and 8-year old Peach Brandy.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Raleigh, Sep. 30-47-tf.

For Sale.

50 DOZ. COATES' SEWING COTTON.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Raleigh, October 6-52 tf.

Houses and Lots on Hillsboro Street for Sale.

WE OFFER FOR SALE TWO HOUSES AND lots on Hillsboro Street, Raleigh, N. C.

One lot contains one and a half acres, good house on it with five rooms, good out buildings, stables and carriage house. The other lot contains two acres, good house on it with seven rooms, good out buildings, stables and carriage house.

Both houses are well located, in good order, and gas in each.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Sep. 18 36-tf.

For Sale.

WE HAVE FOR SALE A LARGE LOT OF HAVANNA SUGAR.

BAKER, COWPER & Co.

Oct. 11, 1865-56-tf.

FOR SALE.

A LOT of No. 1 Bacon Hams, Middlings and Shoulders.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Raleigh, Aug. 26, 1865. 3t

WANTED,

50 BALES OF COTTON, FOR WHICH highest market rates will be paid.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Oct. 11-56-tf.

WANTED,

BEESWAX & TALLOW.

WE WILL pay the highest price, either in cash or trade, for any quantity of Beeswax and Tallow.

WM H. SMITH & CO.

27-tf.

JNO. KING, JNO. WHITELAW, WM. PEAT.

MONUMENTS! MONUMENTS!

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

King, Whitelaw & Co.,

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR OLD friends and the citizens of the State generally, that having re opened their MARBLE AND STONE WORKS, on the burnt block, at

Maunder's Old Stand, Fayetteville St.,

they are now prepared to furnish

MONUMENTS,
VAULTS,
HEAD STONES,
SLABS,
MARBLE MANTLES, &c.

Having associated with us one of the best CARVERS IN THE COUNTRY, and from the arrangements we have made, we flatter ourselves that we can furnish all work in our line as cheap as it can be done in any Northern city, for proof of which, call and examine our large variety of designs and our list of prices.

We are also prepared to furnish

WINDOW SILLS,
WINDOW CAPS,
DOOR STEPS, &c., &c.

And to contract for all kinds of

STONE CUTTING AND STONE MASONRY.

KING, WHITELAW & CO.

REFERS TO

Geo. W. Mordecai, Esq., Rev. Dr. Mason, D. D.
J. M. Heck, Esq., D. P. Williamson & Co.
Briggs & Dodd, K. P. Battle, Esq.

September 30-47-3m.

STEAM POWER PRESS PRINTING,

BY

STROTHER & CO.

RALEIGH, N. C.

(*The only Steam Power Press in the City.*)

Farriss' Column.

I. X. L.

C. M. FARRISS,

Has just returned from the North with a new Stock of

FALL GOODS,

Selected expressly for this market, consisting in part of

BEAVER CLOTHS,
BROADCLOTHS,
ENGLISH AND SCOTCH CASSIMERES,
SILK MIXED CASSIMERES,
TRICOT CASSIMERES,
BLUE CLOTHS.

CASSIMERES OF ALL COLORS!

CORDUROY,
BLACK SILK VELVETS,
GLOVES AND SCARFS.

SHIRTS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS!

ARMY HATS,
NAVY CAPS,
HALF HOSE,
SUSPENDERS,
HANDKERCHEIFS, NECK TIES,
LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS,
SHOULDER STRAPS,
MILITARY BUTTONS,
AND LACES
SCARF PINS,
SHOES OF ALL KINDS,
TRUNKS AND VALISES.

MERCHANT TAILORING

Done in the very best style by

C. M. FARRISS and his Superb Cutter,
MR. GRIFFITH.

Suits of every description made to order at the shortest notice and in the very best manner.

☞ What you do not see in my Store, order and you shall have it in the quickest possible time.

C. M. FARRISS.

Raleigh, August 28, 1865. 28-tf

PLANTATION FOR RENT.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING ENGAGED IN another business, wishes to rent out his plantation for the ensuing year. He does not want more than eight, nor less than six hands worked upon it. For this number of hands, the opportunity for making a crop is unusually fine. The chance for

COTTON AND CORN,

is very good, and for

TOBACCO AND OATS,

superior. There are seventy thousand tobacco hills which may be put in, that will make good tobacco without manure, and there is plenty of the very best tobacco land that may be cleared. The location is in a very fine neighborhood, three miles from Macon Depot on the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, and is one of the most healthy and delightful in the County. The residence contains six rooms, and there are all the necessary outhouses and a good orchard. He will sell everything necessary to carry on the farm—stock, crop, team, plantation implements, &c., &c. Address, or call upon

REV. B. F. LONG,
Macon Depot, Warren Co., N. C.

Warren Co., Oct. 3 49 tf.

D. T. CARRAWAY,
WITH
HART & LEWIS,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

TIN, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware, Hardware and House Furnishing Goods generally, Cooking Stoves, Kerosene Oil, Lamps and Wicks. Also a select stock of Family Groceries.

No. 41, FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH, N. C.

au 8-3m

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

June 27, 1865. 31—6m.

THE

NEW LINE STEAMERS,

FROM

Richmond to City Point
Fortress Monroe, Norfolk and Baltimore

CONNECTING

At City Point with Rail Roads from Petersburg, Gaston, Raleigh, Charlotte and Columbia, S. C.

HAVING NEW AND ELEGANT STEAMERS not equalled by any other line, it is the best, most expeditious and most comfortable Route and Line going North. It leaves Richmond at 6 A. M. and connects at the above-named wharves, and arrives in Baltimore to Breakfast.

Through tickets given to Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, and all other Northern and Western cities.

C. E. DUNN, Agent
Gaston, N. C.
C. J. TROWBRIDGE, Agent
Petersburg, Va.

Sep. 22-40-1m.

To Rail Road Companies.

WE ARE THE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SALE of Taw's Celebrated Car Grease, for lubricating the Axles of Rail Road Cars. We have on sale eight Barrels Canary Yellow Rail Road Car Grease.

Also 20 kegs Axle Grease for greasing the axles of waggons, carts, &c. Also a lot of Taw's patent Harness Dubbing for greasing harness, and a lot of Buggy axle grease.

J. LONG & CO.

Greensboro, October 6-52-tf.

Watson's New Photograph Gallery.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS METHOD OF informing the citizens of North Carolina, that he has recently taken, renovated and refitted the Gallery formerly occupied by E. Hunt, where he is prepared to make all kinds of pictures in his line, from the smallest miniature to a life size Portrait in oil. None shall have an excuse for sending work in his line out of the State to be done. A call is solicited.

J. W. WATSON.

Raleigh, October 4-50-3m.

BRANSON & FARRAR,

PUBLISHERS AND BOOKSELLERS,

NO. 40 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND AN ASSORTment of Standard Books, and the latest publications, consisting of Theological, Historical, and Miscellaneous Books, with a large supply of

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.

Call and see. Orders will be promptly filled. Books not on hand will be at once obtained, if to be had in the United States.

They also act as Agents for the purchase or sale of any goods in their line of business.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

THE AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY has deposited with us a large number of Bibles and Testaments for *Sale or Donation* at Society rates.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

AMONG OUR STOCK may be found Copy Books, Slates, Chalk Crayons, Slate Pencils, &c.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

ALSO,

Writing Charts, Spelling Charts, and other improvements for Schools.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

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Large Map of North Carolina,	$10 00
Pocket Map of North Carolina,	1 10
Pocket Map of Virginia,	2 25
Pocket Map of the United States,	2 00

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STATIONERY.

Foolscap, Letter Paper, Note Paper, Pens, Pencils, Envelopes, Arnold's Writing Fluid, also the Spenarian Fluid.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

JUVENILE BOOKS.

Illustrated, of great variety in styles and prices.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

SHEET MUSIC

constantly kept on hand. Also, Blank Books made to order.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

BOOK BINDING,

Of all kinds, done at short notice, and in the very best style.

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SABIN'S REPRINTS.

Rare, Valuable and Curious Works.

The Narrative of Col. David Fanning, a Tory of North Carolina, from 1775 to 1783,	$5 00
Major George Washington's Journal, 1754,	1 50
The Province of Pennsylvania, 1755,	1 25
Order Book of Captain Leonard Bleeker's Campaign of 1779,	5 00
Late Revolution in New England, 1689,	2 50
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Further Progress of the Gospel among the Indians of New England 1659,	2 50
Progress of the Gospel among the Indians of New England, 1659,	1 50
Vindication of the Captors of Major Andre, 1817,	2 50

A few copies of the above books have lately been reprinted by Mr. Sabin in the most elegant manner. The works are exceedingly interesting on account of their age, and very valuable as histories. The name of David Fanning is *especially* familiar in North Carolina.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

Just from the Press,

MARY BARKER,

A thrilling narrative of early life among the Indians of North Carolina. From the gifted pen of "Charlie Vernon."

The book is 72 pages, elegantly printed. Price, per hundred $20. Single copies 50 cents.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

☞ The usual deductions made to the Trade.

☞ Call for Catalogues, containing prices.

BRANSON & FARRAR,

October 3-49-tf. Raleigh, N. C.

"CHURCH RECONSTRUCTION."

Letters of Rev. Dr. Deems and Rev. Mr Moran of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and of Rt. Rev. Bishop Elliot of the Protestant Episcopal Church. In pamphlet form. Sent by mail, 10 cts. a copy, $1 a dozen. Address

WM. A. TOWNSEND, 55 Walker st. N. Y.
BRANSON & FARRAR, Raleigh, N. C.

Sept 23d.—ts.

A. KLINE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,
WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
BEST IMPORTED WINES & BRANDIES,
AND LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS.
GROCERIES &c., &c.,

Corner of Fayetteville and Harget Sts.,

au 8-3m RALEIGH, N. C.

PETERSBURG, VA.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS TO INFORM THE Merchants and Planters of North Carolina, that he has established himself in Petersburg, in the

Commission and Forwarding Business,

having a large and commodious Warehouse, he is prepared to receive goods on *Consignment*, or to be *Forwarded*. He will give special attention to the sale of Cotton and Tobacco, and other country produce. He begs to refer to

Rev. Dr. Alex. Wilson, Alamance County.
Maj. J. W. Wilson, } Salisbury.
Messrs. Crawford & Laurens, }
Messrs. Baker, Cowper & Co., } Raleigh.
Mr. Jordan Womble, }
R. W. Lassiter, Esq., Pres't R. & G. R. R. Co.

GEO. V. SCOTT

Petersburg, Va., Sep. 28 45-1m.

House and Lot for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE IN the North western part of the City a comfortable dwelling House on a lot containing one fourth of an acre of land. A bargain may be had by calling early upon the subscriber.

ALSEY BEAVERS.

October 5-51-tf.